

Digging a Hole

It's important to prepare the hole for your tree to get a good start. Determine the kind of soil you will be planting in. You may have to add to the soil or water more depending on the condition. Dig at least the diameter of the root ball of the trees container. Measure the depth of the hole to make sure the tree is level with the terrain. It's stressful on a tree to pull it out of the hole if it's not deep enough. NEVER put dirt up the bark of the tree. Always put dirt level with the graft or where it was on the tree when you bought it. Planting a tree too deep will eventually rot and kill the tree. Remove the container that it comes in before planting the tree. If the tree is wrapped in burlap DO NOT remove the burlap, it will deteriorate over time. The burlap will need to be cut carefully off the top of the root ball. If not removed, water will not saturate the ground equally around the base of the tree. DO NOT break up the root ball, as this will kill fine roots and put stress on the tree.

Filling the Hole

Always fill the hole with either black dirt or top soil. There is NO need to mix manure or fertilizer. Tap down the soil around the tree and thoroughly saturate the ground around the tree. Setting the hose next to the tree dripping for about twenty minutes usually works great!

Watering

As a new planting, trees need to be watered once a week with about two inches of either rain water or hose water until the tree is dormant late in fall of the first year. The following year, you will only need to water during dry spells. Over watering can kill a tree, also not watering will kill it too.

Redbud

Canadensis Redbud -
Bears small pink flowers in spring turning to brown fruit pods with dark green foliage.
Zone 4-9, Height 20' - 30'

Hydrangea

Limelight Hydrangea -
Bright, lime flowers turn pink, burgundy and green in fall. Perfect for small gardens and containers.
Zone 4-8, Height 6' - 8'

Pink Diamond Hydrangea -
Incredibly large cream flowers that turn shades of pink.
Zone 4-8, Height 6' - 8'

Quick Fire Hydrangea -
Quick to bloom cream flowers turning deep pink. Perfect for small gardens and containers.
Zone 4-8, Height 6' - 8'

Salix

Niobe Weeping Willow -
Fast growing, golden bark with wide drooping canopy of bright green leaves. Prefers moist areas.
Zone 4-8, Height 50'



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Trees



Maples

Royal Red Maple -
Dense shade tree with a straight trunk and well-shaped canopy. Maroon red glossy foliage all season.
Zone 4-7, Height 35' - 40'

Variiegated Maple -
Dense shade tree, straight trunk and well-shaped crown. Green leaves with a creamy white edge.
Zone 4-7, Height 50' - 60'

Autumn Blaze Maple -
Hybrid of silver and red maple. Rapid growing tree with beautiful fall color and form.
Zone 4-7, Height 50' - 60'

Fall Fiesta Sugar Maple -
A rapid growing, full, symmetrical branching tree with leathery, glossy deep green leaves. Outstanding fall color.
Zone 3-7, Height 50' - 75'

Princeton Gold Maple -
An attractive and nicely shaped tree with bright golden yellow leaves.
Zone 4-7, Height 45'

Birch

River Birch -
Green foliage turns to a yellow fall color with attractive cinnamon brown exfoliating bark.
Zone 4-8, Height 40' - 50'

Mulberry

Chaparral Weeping Mulberry -
An attractive, vigorous, small tree with cascading branches and bright green foliage.
Zone 5-8, Height 15'

Lilac

Dwarf Korean Lilac-
Same features as Dwarf Korean shrub-form. Pale purple flowers.
Zone 4-7, Height 8'

Magnolia

Leonard Messel Magnolia -
A beautiful hybrid Magnolia with fuchsia-pink to purple fragrant flowers and green foliage.
Zone 4-8, Height 15' - 20'

Ann Magnolia -
Part of the 'Little Girl' series. Late blooming in mid-April to early May. Lightly scented red-purple flowers.
Zone 4-7, Height 8' - 10'

Mulberry

Chaparral Weeping Mulberry -
An attractive, vigorous, small tree with cascading branches and bright green foliage.
Zone 5-8, Height 15'

Oak

Bur Oak-
Corky bark with dark green foliage.
Zone 3-8, Height 60' - 80'

Northern Red Oak -
Fast growing oak with dense dark green glossy foliage turning red - brown.
Zone 3-8, Height 60' - 80'

Majestic Skies Oak -
Thick glossy green foliage with straighter branching and symmetrical shape.
Zone 3-6, height 60'

Ash

European Mountain Ash -
Round, upright shape bearing showy orange-red fruit August-September.
Zone 2-7, Height 20' - 30'

Showy Mountain Ash -
Disease resistant and slow growing tree with white flowers turning into red fruit.
Zone 2-6, Height 20' - 25'

Crabapple

Camelot Crabapple -
Dwarf cultivar with dark green leaves. Red buds turning fuchsia pink on white flowers followed by burgundy fruit. Disease resistant.
Zone 4-7, Height 10'

Prairifire Crabapple -
Disease resistant, late blooming crab. A dark, glossy red bark and single red-purple flowers turning to maroon fruit that does not drop.
Zone 4-7, Height 15'

Spring Snow Crabapple -
Fruitless, green foliage, with pink buds turning to white flowers.
Zone 4-7, Height 25' - 30'

Tina Crabapple -
Dwarf crab with pink-red buds opening to white flowers. Followed by tiny red fruit.
Zone 4-7, Height 6' - 8'

Coralburst Crabapple -
Small uniform grower with tiny dark green leaves and ruby red buds turning to semi-double pink flowers.
Zone 3-7, Height 8' - 10'

Locust

Skyline Honeylocust -
An unusual variety with distinct pyramid form and sturdy, strong trunk. A thornless and fruitless tree that is great for filtered shade.
Zone 4-7, Height 50'

Coffeetree

Kentucky Coffeetree -
Picturesque tree with uneven bark, stout branches with long, leathery mahogany seed pods and bluish-green foliage.
Zone 4-8, Height 50' - 60'

** All plants are subject to availability.*